FCIA DIIM & Firestopping

September 20, 2012
Learning Objectives

Upon completing this program, the participant should know how to:

2. Understand Requirements for Firestopping for Safety in the US and Canada
3. Know how to specify Section 07 84 00++
Firestopping for Safety

• Outline
  – FCIA – A Trade Association
  – Total Fire Protection & Effective Compartmentation
  – Codes, Testing, Products - Materials
  – Firestopping for Safety – A Quality Protocol
    • DIIM
Firestopping for Safety

• Outline
  – Firestopping for Safety – A DIIM Protocol
    • Properly **Designed** and Specified Firestopping – 07-84-00
    • **Tested and Listed Systems** - ASTM E 814 / UL 1479 - UL 2079, ASTM E2307
    • Professional **Installation** – FCIA Member, FM 4991 Approved, UL Qualified Contractors
    • Properly **Inspected** - ASTM E 2174 / 2393 Protocol - IAS AC 291 Accreditation Criteria for Inspection Agencies
    • **Maintained** (Inspected) Annually - FCIA Members – International Fire Code, NFPA 101
Firestopping for Safety

- FCIA – Worldwide Association
- Firestop Contractors, Manufacturers, Consultants, Reps, Distributors,
- FCIA Website Resources - FREE
- FCIA MOP on PDF FREE to Specifiers, Architects, Bldg./Fire Officials
  - www.fcia.org
Firestopping for Safety

FCIA Membership Means ..........

- Industry Interest
  - FCIA Seminars
  - FCIA Publications
- Industry Investment
  - FCIA Manual of Practice
  - FCIA Conference Education
  - Committee Membership
    - Return to the industry
  - Scholarship – FPE Universities
- “Specialty Firestop Contractors”
  - Knowledge, Value, Expertise
FCIA

- Membership Reflects FCIA’s Activity…
  - 290 Members…US, Canada, Middle East, Far East
  - Accreditation – FM, UL, ULC & IAS - Growth
  - Apprenticeship – US Dept. of Labor; CAN Ministry
  - Technical & Education – MOP, UL TFPSS
  - Codes & Standards – ICC, NFPA, ASTM, IAPMO
  - UL STP’s
  - Marketing – Relationships, Shows
  - Program – Committee work, Education
  - Legislative – Track, Advocate
FCIA

- FCIA Membership Benefits
  - FCIA Committee Participation
  - FCIA.org Website
    - Member Lists
    - FCIA FM, UL, IAS Member Lists
    - Members Only Access
  - Relationships …
  - FCIA Life Safety Digest, Enews
  - Management System Manual Template
  - FCIA Manual of Practice Updates
Firestopping for Safety

• “TOTAL FIRE PROTECTION”
  • Effective Compartmentation
    – Fire Barriers, Walls/Floors, Smoke Barriers &
    – Firestopping, Fire Dampers, Swinging and Rolling Fire
      Doors, Fire Rated Glazing
  • Detection & Alarm Systems
  • Sprinkler Suppression Systems
  • Education & Egress–
    – Building Managers, Occupants and Firefighters
Firestopping for Safety

Proper ‘DIIM’ Effective Compartmentation Means Reliable Systems…

• Properly *Designed* - A/E - Consultant
  – Tested and Listed Systems, FCIA Member Mfr’s., Compartments per IBC, NFPA Codes, SUBMITTALS…. *Specified (CCS, CDT)*

• Properly *Installed*
  – FCIA Member, “FM 4991, or UL *Qualified Contractors*”

• Properly *Inspected*
  – ASTM E 2174 & ASTM E 2393, by IAS *Qualified Inspectors at IAS AC 291 Accredited Inspection Firms*

• Properly *Inspected and Maintained* –
  – FCIA Member, FM 4991, or UL Qualified, IAS Accredited Firms
Firestopping for Safety

• **Code Requirements**
  – International Building Code – Chapter 7
    • New Construction
  – International Fire Code – Chapter 7
    • Existing Buildings
    • Enforced by Fire Marshal
  – NFPA 5000 – 101- Chapter 8
  – National Building Code – Canada
    • New and Existing Buildings
  – *Minimum requirements* for *Construction & Maintenance*
Firestopping for Safety

- NFPA
  - NFPA 5000 – “Consensus Codes”
    - Other international locations…US, not much
    - Healthcare Industry
    - Overseas
Firestopping for Safety

• ICC=International Code Council
  • IBC – Building Code - New
  • IFC – Fire Code – Maintenance
• Other “I-Codes”
  – IPC, IMC, IEBC, WUIC, IPMC
US ICC Adoptions – ICCsafe.org

Alaska
Hawaii
U.S. Virgin Islands
Guam
Northern Marianas Islands
Puerto Rico
Firestopping for Safety

- ICC=International Code Council
  - USA
  - Middle East
Firestopping for Safety

• Compartmentation Codes - US
  – **Fire Resistance** – Time, in minutes or hours that materials or assemblies have withstood a fire exposure as determined by tests, methods based on tests, or this code …. NFPA.  **ICC adds… “Systems”**
  • Ch. 7 – IBC - **Fire Barrier** – Hourly Rated – IBC
  • Ch. 7 IBC - **Fire Wall** – Fire rating, structural independence
  • IBC – **Fire Partition** – Rated, not continuous.
  • IBC - NFPA - **Smoke Barrier** – Hourly Rated, continuous…
Firestopping for Safety

- Compartmentation Codes – US
  - **Smoke Barrier** – Firestopping for Continuity
    - IBC – Hourly Rated, “L” Rating
      - <5cfm/sf (IBC 2006)
      - <100 cfm, 100sf of Wall Area (IBC 2009)
    - NFPA – Similar, no quantified “L” Rating
    - Healthcare Occupancies
    - Building Owner/Manager Preference
  - **Smoke Partition** – “Common Materials”
    - IBC – Continuous barrier, not rated…’retard’.
    - NFPA – Continuous membrane that is designed to form a barrier to limit the transfer of smoke….
Firestopping for Safety

• Compartmentation Codes – US & Canada
  – Firestopping Systems
    • Standards Exist
      – F - Hours
      – T - Temperature
      – L – Air Leakage / Smoke
      – W – Water
    • Standards means suitability for use

• “Anything less than a System…. Up to Judge” Karen Layng, Esq.
Firestopping for Safety

The Canadian Commission on Building and Fire Codes (CCBFC):
– appointed by NRC
– members are volunteers
– represents regulators, construction industry and public interest
– 2009 Cycle Finished…publishes in 2010

Oversees the code development system

National Building Code of Canada (NBC)
Firestopping for Safety

- Compartmentation Codes – Canada - NBC
  - *Fire separation* means a construction assembly that acts as a barrier against the spread of fire.
    - (See Appendix A.)
  - Appendix A:
    - *A fire separation* may or may not have a fire-resistance rating.
Firestopping for Safety

- Compartmentation Codes
  NBC - 3.1.8.1.(1)(b)

Although a fire separation is not always required to have a fire-resistance rating, the fire separation should act as a barrier to the spread of smoke and fire until some response is initiated. If the fire-resistance rating of a fire separation is waived on the basis of the presence of an automatic sprinkler system, it is intended that the fire separation will be constructed so that it will remain in place and act as a barrier against the spread of smoke for a period of time until the sprinklers have actuated and controlled the fire.
Firestopping for Safety

- Compartmentation Codes
- 3.1.8.3 - Continuity
Firestopping for Safety

- Compartmentation Codes
- **3.1.9.1. Fire Stopping of Service Penetrations**
  - Except as required by Sentence (2), piping, tubing, ducts, chimneys, optical fibre cables, electrical wires and cables, totally enclosed noncombustible raceways, electrical outlet boxes and other similar building services that penetrate a fire separation or a membrane forming part of an assembly required to have a fire-resistance rating shall be
  - **a)** *sealed by a fire stop system* that, when subjected to the fire test method in ULC-S115, “Fire Tests of Firestop Systems,” has an F rating not less than the fire-protection rating required for closures in the fire separation in conformance with Table 3.1.8.4., or (50pa, plastics)
  - **b)** *cast in place* (see Appendix A).
Firestopping for Safety

• Fire Resistance Rated Compartmentation
  – Continuous Walls / Floors
    • Interior and Exterior Walls
      – Firestop Systems
        » Penetrations
        » Joints – Walltops – Perimeter Joints
    • Fire Damper Duct Systems
    • Fire Doors and Hardware Systems
      – Rolling & Swinging
    • Fire Glass
Firestopping for Safety

• Effective Compartmentation for Safety
  – Chemical, Biological, Radiation, Explosion
    • Standards?
      – R - Nuclear Power Plant Standards
      – E – Blast Strength? Check with manufacturer – 2psf
      – C – Which Chemicals? Check with manufacturer
      – B – Which Agents? Check with manufacturer
  – How to Regulate for Terrorism?
  – Due Diligence
    • Review Required by code?
Firestopping for Safety

• Fire Walls and Floors –
  – *Continuous Fire Resistance Rated Assemblies*
    – Concrete
    – Concrete Block
    – Plaster
    – Gypsum Block
    – Drywall
    – Floor/Ceiling Assemblies
    – Firestop Systems

“Tested & Listed Wall/Floor Systems”
Firestopping for Safety
Effective Compartmentation Features
Firestopping for Safety

• FCIA Members Understand Effective Compartmentation & Firestop Quality Process…
  – Firestop *Systems* Tested to ASTM E 814, UL 1479/2079, CAN S-115, ASTM E 2307
  – Specified by Professionals
  – Installed by FCIA Member
  – Inspected to ASTM E2174 & ASTM E2393
    Inspection Process by Qualified Firms/Individuals
  – *Maintained* by FCIA Member Firestopping Contractors
Firestopping for Safety

I – Classified Systems
Firestopping for Safety

- **Sealants**
  - Silicone, Latex, Intumescent
- **Wrap Strips**
  - “Thick, Thin, Wide, Less Wide”
- **Putties**
- **Pillows**
- **Composite Sheets**
- **Bricks / Plugs**
- **Pre Fabricated Kits**
- **Mortar**
- **Spray Products**

Graphics, STI, 3M, AD, HILTI, Nelson
Firestopping for Safety

• Firestop Systems Materials

• Pipes – Cables
  – Sealants, Wrap strips, Putties, Prefabricated Kits

• Gaps/Joints/Walltops/Perimeter Joints
  – Sealants – Sprays – Track Systems

• “Backing Material”
  – Mineral Wool, Ceramic Fiber,
  – Backer Rod, Others

Graphics - AD, Nelson, Tremco
Firestopping for Safety

• Firestop Products Become Firestop Systems --
  – “A Specific field erected construction, consisting of an assemblage of materials to prevent the spread of fire through openings in fire rated walls and floors using ASTM E 814 / UL 1479, S-115, UL 2079, E 2307 as the test method…”
  – *S-115 – Incorporated all of UL 2079 in 2004*
  – **Testing** = Suitability statement for use of a firestop product in a specific system application
Firestopping for Safety

• What are Firestop Systems?
  – ASTM E814/UL 1479–UL S115 Tested Systems
    • **F Rating** - Flame
    • **T Rating** – Temperature
    • **H Rating** – Hose (CAN-Optional)
    • **L Rating** – Smoke (UL)
    • **W Rating** – Water (ULus)

Graphics – 3M
Firestopping for Safety
Hose Stream
& “W” Rating
Firestopping for Safety

- Firestop Systems Directories – ULc, ULus®,

*Systems Selection…Not as easy as it looks…*
UL. SYSTEM NO. CAJ1155
METAL PIPE THROUGH A SLEEVE IN CONCRETE FLOOR OR WALL
F RATING = 3-HR.  
T RATING = 0-HR.  
L RATING AT AMBIENT = LESS THAN 1 CFM/SQ. FT.  
L RATING AT 400°F = 4 CFM/SQ. FT.

1. FLOOR OR WALL ASSEMBLY:
   A. MINIMUM 4-1/2" THICK LIGHTWEIGHT OR NORMAL WEIGHT CONCRETE FLOOR.
   B. U.L. CLASSIFIED CONCRETE BLOCK WALL (MINIMUM 8" BLOCK).
2. PENETRATING ITEM TO BE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
   A. MAXIMUM 20" DIAMETER STEEL PIPE.
   B. MAXIMUM 6" DIAMETER COPPER PIPE.
   C. MAXIMUM 6" DIAMETER STEEL CONDUIT.
   D. MAXIMUM 4" DIAMETER EMT.
3. OPTIONAL: MAXIMUM 22" DIAMETER STEEL PIPE SLEEVE (SCHEDULE 10 OR HEAVIER).
4. MINIMUM 4" THICKNESS MINERAL WOOL (MIN. 4 PCF DENSITY) RECESSED 1/2" FROM TOP OF SLEEVE.
5. MINIMUM 1/2" DEPTH HILTI FS-ONE FIRESTOP SEALANT.
6. A GENEROUS BEAD OF HILTI FS-ONE FIRESTOP SEALANT AROUND OUTER PERIMETER OF STEEL SLEEVE.

NOTES:
1. MAXIMUM DIAMETER OF OPENING = 22".
2. ANNULLAR SPACE = MINIMUM 0", MAXIMUM 1-1/2".

Graphics - HILTI
Gypsum Wall assembly running up to concrete over metal deck
Firestopping for Safety

- Firestop Systems Directories - UL®

**Alpha:** The first letter is either “F” for floors, “W” for walls or “C” for a combination of walls and floors.

**Alpha:** The second letter or combination of letters, signify the following.

- A Concrete floors < 5"
- B Concrete floors > 5"
- C Frame floors
- D Deck construction
- E – I Reserved for future use
- J Concrete or Masonry walls < 8”
- K Concrete or Masonry walls > 8”
- L Framed Walls
- M Bulkheads
- N – Z Reserved for future use
Firestopping for Safety

- **Firestop Systems Directories - UL®**
  - F - Floors
  - W - Walls
  - C - Combination
  - A - Concrete floors < 5 inches
  - B - Concrete floors > 5 inches
  - C - Frame floors
  - D - Deck construction
  - E - I - Reserved for future use
  - J - Concrete or Masonry walls < 8 inches
  - K - Concrete or Masonry walls > 8 inches
  - L - Framed Walls
  - M - Bulkheads
  - N - Z - Reserved for future use

First letter of the system
Firestopping for Safety

• **Numeric:** The first digit of the four digit number, identifies the type of penetrant in accordance with the following list. The next three digits will be assigned sequentially to successfully tested systems.
  
  – 0000 – 0999  No Penetrant
  – 1000 – 1999  Metallic Pipe, Conduit or Tube
  – 2000 – 2999  Non Metallic Pipe, Conduit or Tube
  – 3000 – 3999  Cables
  – 4000 – 4999  Cables in a Tray
  – 5000 – 5999  Insulated Pipes
  – 6000 – 6999  Misc. Electrical Penetrates
  – 7000 – 7999  Misc. Mechanical Penetrates
  – 8000 – 8999  Mixed multiple penetrates
  – 9000 – 9999
How Installers Select UL Systems

- Wall or Floor Construction Type
- Wall or Floor Thickness
- Penetrating Item, Coverings
- Size, Type, Thickness
- Annular Space, Joint / Gap Size
- Backing Materials
- Fill Material(s)
Min/Max Hole Size

Annular Space
Firestopping for Safety

• Field or other Variances to Tested and Listed Systems?
  – Annular Space / Gap too large / small
  – Something in the way
  – Oversized penetrating item
  – Oversized Insulation
  – Tolerances??
Firestopping for Safety

• Variances to Systems? – Now What…
  – First Action in Process
    • **Find another system** – Same Manufacturer
    • Find another system – Different Manufacturer
  – **If no system exists in either case**….  
    • *Engineering Judgment* – “EJ”
    • *Equivalent Fire Resistance Rated Assembly* – “EFRRRA”
      • Based on sound engineering IFC Protocol
• **SPECIFY THE RULES FOR THIS**…
Firestop sealant must be well bonded to penetrating item and surrounding wall or floor.

1. Pack
2. Caulk
3. Tool

Always Check BOTH SIDES
When the sealant is properly recessed, it will expand inward and work the way it was designed.
Left untooled, the sealant will expand outward during a fire, and likely fail.
Properly Tooled/Smoothed Penetrations
Large Insulated Pipes
Multiple Insulated Pipes
Sleeved Pipes
Correct Collar or Sealant Must Be Selected for Combustible Penetrations

- Intumescent sealant expands and fills the void that opens as the combustibles burn away
- Collar expands to crush the pipe
Intumescent Wrap Strips and Steel Collars

- **Key Points - Restricting Collars**
  - Fastening Tabs – 90 degree bends for expansion
  - Directional Tabs
  - Bands

STI Graphic
Unlisted, Untested Firestop Systems
Firestopping for Safety
Unlisted, Untested Firestop Systems
Polystyrene Block in CMU Slab
Joint Compound
Incomplete is ineffective
Great Stuff

Graphics – Firestop Solutions
Sealant must be applied BEFORE sheet metal flanges in Duct Applications.
Fire/Smoke Dampers & Firestops

- Dampers are UL 555, 555S Listed Systems
  - Installed to manufacturer’s written instructions (Systems
    - Angles…no sealants)
- Firestop sealants – UL 1479 –
  - Improper hole sizing or poor installation…

Consult the Damper Manufacturer & the Authority Having Jurisdiction

Graphics - Greenheck
Fire/Smoke Dampers

Firestop Installation

- Combination Fire Smoke Dampers
- Multi-blade Fire Dampers
- Underfloor applications
- Max. size 72” W x 96”

- Greenheck Graphic
Fire/Smoke Dampers

- Dampers with sealant provide smoke protection

Consult the Damper Manufacturer & the Authority Having Jurisdiction

Graphics – Firestop Solutions
Installing an Incorrect System May Void the Fire / Smoke Damper Manufacturer’s Warranty
Barriers With Combustible Penetrants

- Plastic Pipe
- Plastic-Jacketed cables
- Certain pipe insulation
Firestopping for Safety

- **Firestop Joint Systems Definition – UL 2079**
  - “A joint system is a specific construction consisting of adjacent wall and floor assemblies, and the materials designed to prevent the spread of fire through a linear opening between the wall and / or floor assemblies”
  - “ANSI / UL 2079 ” – Qualified Joint System
Firestopping for Safety

• Firestop Joint Systems Definition – UL 2079
  – Min. Positive Pressure – .01 Water, 12” below assy.
  – Movement Cycling
    • Class I – min. 500 cycles, min. 1 cycle / minute
    • Class II- min. 500 cycles, min. 10 cycles / minute
    • Class III-min 100 cycles, min. 30 cycles / minute
  – Fire Tested at Maximum Joint Width
  – No Load Bearing Characteristics, unless noted
  – Assembly, L or W Ratings
Good Firestop Applications

Floor to Wall

Top of Wall

Fire Stop Technologies, Inc.

Graphics – Firestop Solutions
Joints and Seams

Top of Wall
Joints and Seams

I-Beam to Fluted Deck
Penetrations with Top of Wall
Unacceptable Substitutes
Unacceptable Substitutes

Insufficient Material?

Non Code Compliant!

Graphics – Firestop Solutions
Unacceptable Substitutes
Results of Improperly Installed Mineral Wool
Firestopping for Safety

- Firestop Perimeter Systems Definition – ASTM E 2307
  - “A Perimeter Fire Containment System is a specific field erected construction consisting of a floor with a fire resistance rating, and an exterior curtainwall with no hourly resistance rating, and the fill material installed between the floor and the curtain wall to prevent the vertical spread of fire in a building.”
Proper Installation of Mineral Wool

• Compressed mineral wool must be inserted perpendicular to the joint to allow for movement between the slab and wall.
Properly Installed and Ready to Spray
Joints and Seams

Edge of Slab
Wall to Wall / Wall to Floor

Caulk and Self Leveling

Graphics – Firestop Solutions
Floor to Wall: Concrete floor assembly to pre-cast concrete wall assembly
Poor Firestop Installation of Perimeter Barriers
Firestopping for Safety
Firestopping for Safety

• “Construction Quality Stinks”
  John R. Butler, Jr., Director, Construction Division of the Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission, *ENR’s Viewpoint…*

• “Where are the certified firestoppers” Ken Hercenberg, ‘The Construction Specifier Magazine’
Firestopping for Safety

• Results of Non-Qualified Contractor
  – Firestopping wrong, missing
  – Systems Documentation?
  – As Built Documentation??

Conclusion – No Single Firestopping Trade means fire & life safety risk…
Firestopping for Safety
II Installation
Who’s Responsible, How do I Choose???
Firestopping for Safety
Firestop Contractors & Installation

• Firestopping Industry Installation Methods

• 3 Types
  – **All Trades** -“He/She who pokes hole, fills hole”
  – **Multiple Contracts** to Firestop Contractors, Subs, GC/O
  – GC/O - Sub to **Single Source Specialty Firestopping Contractor**

• **Qualifications??**
Firestopping for Safety

Firestop Contractors & Installation

• Firestopping Industry Qualifications
  – Manufacturer Warranties – N/A in Firestopping
    • Material only, ‘x’ year from date of shipment.
    • Labor – Contractor only
    • Manufacturer Inspection?
Firestopping for Safety
Firestop Contractors & Installation

• How do I select a specialty firestop contractor?
  – FCIA Member
    • FCIA Firestop Manual of Practice
  – Manufacturer Educated
    • 25 minutes anywhere
    • 1-2 hours anywhere
    • 1-2 Day @ HQ
  – FCIA Member, FM 4991, UL Qualified
Firestopping for Safety
Firestop Contractors & Installation

• Firestopping Industry *Qualifications? Education*
  – **Short Class –** 25 - 60 minutes
    • Some Training
    • Worker educated
    • Short test
    • Administered by salesperson
  – **Worker Education at Shop**
  – **Manufacturer HQ Education**
    • 1-2 Days Education
    • Test – Teach to the Test?
    • Not 3rd Party
Firestopping for Safety
Firestop Contractors & Installation

• Firestopping Industry *Qualifications*
  – Manufacturer Contractor Programs
    • ‘Certified Trained?’
    • ‘Accredited?’
    • ‘Approved?’
    • ‘other name’
  – FCIA Contractor Member
  – FM 4991 Standard for Approval of Firestop Contractors – Education, FM Firestop Exam
  – UL Qualified Firestop Contractor - Education, UL Firestop Exam
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Qualified – Does the Firestop Contractor understand the ZERO TOLERANCE INSTALLATION PROCESS

- “F” Fire & “T” Temperature, “H” Hose
- “L” Smoke
- “W” Water
- Insulation/Integrity
- Movement Capability
- Annular Space Sizes, Gap Sizes
- SYSTEMS DOCUMENTATION
- FM 4991 Approved or UL / ULC

Qualified Firestop Contractor
Firestopping for Safety
Firestop Contractors & Installation

• How do I select a specialty firestop contractor?
  – FCIA Member
  – Insurance – Classification?
    • Specialty Firestop Contractor?
    • Plumber
  – Workforce – Educated as Firestop/Containment Workers
  – Licensed – Not yet…
  – Bonding Capability
  – Project References & Experience
  – Management System reviewed by?
    • FM 4991 and / or UL Qualified?
    • Manufacturer?
Firestopping for Safety

FM & UL Management System Components

• Office Facility Procedures Audit
• Field Procedures Audit
• Employ a person who passed the UL/FM Firestop Exam, 80% or better
  – If employed by Approved, Qualified Firm,
    • Designated Responsible Individual (DRI)
Firestopping for Safety

FCIA Members - FM 4991 Approved and / or UL Qualified Firestop Contractor Firms

Management Systems Manual
– Investment in Education
– Investment in FCIA Firestop Manual of Practice
  • Project Successful Proven Contractor
  • Education, Training, Accountability
    = Reduced Risk – Life, Property, Business

www.fcia.org
Firestopping for Safety

**FM 4991 & UL QFC Requirements**

**FM 4991 & UL DRI Personnel**

- Pass Rigorous Firestop Examination
  - FCIA Firestop Manual of Practice
  - Firestop Systems Selection & Protocol
  - Management System Knowledge
- Retested every 3 years (FM Only)
- CEU Requirement – 6 ea. 3 yrs.
- One DRI per Approved Contractor Location
  - Installation & Maintenance
Firestopping for Safety

FM/UL Office Facility Procedures Audit

- Firestop Contractor Management System Manual Procedures
  
  • Employee Training & Education
  • Systems Selection
  • Communicate systems to Field
  • Material Controls
  • Systems installation “protocol”
  • Labeling
  • Record keeping - Variance Procedures
  • Non-Conformances
  • Documentation
  • Project closeout
Firestopping for Safety

Initial Firestop *Firm* Jobsite Audit by FM, UL Personnel

- Verification of firestop systems installation
- Verify Quality Procedures
- Verify “communication”
  - Office to field, field to office
- “Culture of Quality…”
Firestopping for Safety

Annual FM 4991/ UL QFC Audit

• Continued satisfactory performance
  – Quality Manual Implementation
• Documented - Archived record keeping
• Employee Training Documentation
• Jobsite Visit
• DRI CEU Verification
Firestopping for Safety
III - Inspection
QUALITY PROCESS

INSPECTION

INSTALLATION

MAINTENANCE
Firestopping for Safety

- “Standard Inspection Procedure”
  - Fire Marshals & Code Officials
  - Inspection Firms
  - Architects
  - Other Qualified Firms
- PASSED at ICC Committee Hearings…
Firestopping for Safety

  - PASSED at ICC Committee Hearings…
    - Buildings 75’ and higher above Fire Department Access
    - Occupancy Type III & IV, Chapter 16 Table 1604.5
Firestopping for Safety

- **ASTM E 2174/ASTM E 2393** - “Inspector & Firm Requirements”
  - Inspector firm NOT Related to Installing firm
    - Distributor, Manufacturer, Competitor, Supplier
  - Inspector Personnel meet at least one criteria.....
    - 2 years experience (Construction, Field), education, and credentials acceptable to AHJ
    - Accredited by AHJ
    - Meet ASTM E699
  - **NEW Inspector Personnel / Firm Qualification**
    - International Accreditation Services IAS AC 291
Firestopping for Safety

• ASTM E 2174/ASTM E 2393 -
  “NEW Inspector & Firm Credentials”
    – IAS Accreditation Criteria AC-291
      • PASS UL/FM Firestop Exam
      • 1 year Quality Assurance
    Or...
      • PASS UL/FM Firestop Exam, and PE, FPE, Registered Architect, or
      • PASS UL/FM Firestop Exam, and Education by Certified Agency
    – Must Specify IAS, not part of ASTM Standards
Firestopping for Safety

• ASTM E 2174/ ASTM E 2393 – “Inspection Process”
  – Pre Construction Meeting
    • Review Documents – Identify Conflicts
    • Materials - ASTM E 814 or UL 1479-S115 Systems
      – “exactly as Identified on inspection documents”
Firestopping for Safety

• ASTM E 2174/ ASTM E 2393 – “Inspection Process”

• Pre Construction Meeting
  – Mock Ups
    • Destructive Testing
    • Installation Measurements
  – Discuss Inspection Method

• Required for During/Post Insp. Methods
Firestopping for Safety

• ASTM E 2174/ ASTM E 2393 – “Inspection Process”
• During Construction Inspection Method
  – Firestop Installation Start
  – Random witness 10%, each type of Firestop
  • No Less than one
Firestopping for Safety

- Post Construction Method –
  - Destructive Testing
    - Minimum 2% , no less than 1, each type per 10,000 SF of floor area
    - If 10% variance per firestop type
      - Inspection stops
      - Installer inspects, repairs
      - Inspector reinspects
Firestopping for Safety

• ASTM E 2174/ ASTM E 2393  
  “Inspection Process”

• Inspection Forms  
  – One for each type of firestop  
  – Submit 1 day after inspection to Authorizing Agency  
    – Numbered – Controlled

• Required – During/Post Construction Methods
Firestopping for Safety

• ASTM E 2174/ ASTM E 2393 – “Inspection Process”

• - Final Report – During/Post Inspection Method
  – Name, address, location – project, installer, inspector
  – Type and quantity of firestops inspected
  – Verification method
  – Percentage Deviation
  – Copies of all documents sent to Authorizing Agency
Firestopping for Safety

• ASTM E 2174/ ASTM E 2393 – “Inspection Process”

• Why Specify ASTM E 2174 / E 2393
  – Quality Process – Install, Inspect
  – Verify Field Installations
  – “Service & Testing”….Demming
  – Qualifications of Inspectors
  • IAS AC 291 – Accreditation Criteria for Special Inspection Agencies
Firestopping for Safety

• Types of ‘Inspection’
  – ASTM E 2174 & ASTM E 2393 –
    • Destructive, Non Destructive
    • Specified Frequency
    • Independent 3rd Party
  – Contractor Self Inspection
    • Verify Management System validity
    • May or may not be destructive
  – Manufacturer Inspection
    • May not exist
  – Contractor Approval/Qualification Personnel
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Quality Assurance
Specifications— MF 04 - 07 84 00 … was 07270
  – 07 84 00 – Both Pens & Joints
  – 07 84 10 – Through Penetration Firestop Systems
    • Pipes, cables, ducts, cable trays, MEP&C Systems
  – 07 84 20 – Fire Resistive Joint Systems
    • Top of Wall
    • Fire Resistance Rated Joints – Soft, Metals & Fire Inserts
    • Perimeter Joints (Floor Slab edge/Exterior Wall)

• Systems Spec, and product properties spec…
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• Specifications—Systems Testing—Part 1—Systems—DIIM References
  – ASTM E 814 & UL 1479, UL S-115 - Penetrations
  – ASTM E 1966, UL 2079, S115 - Joints
  – ASTM E 2307 – Perimeter
  – FM 4991 Standard for the Approval of Firestop Contractors
  – UL or ULC Qualified Firestop Contractor Program
  – ASTM E 2174 & ASTM E 2393 - Inspections
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• Specifications– Systems Testing – Part 1 - Systems
  – “T” Ratings - = F & T??
  – “H” Ratings – Hose Stream – (Canada, Europe, UK)
  – “L” Ratings = Fire & Smoke Resistance Rated Construction
  – “W” Ratings – Floors; Functional when? Floor Loading Capabilities?

• Match Physical Properties of Environment
  – Chemicals, Movement, Exposure
    • FCIA UL STP - Movement
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• Specifications– References
  – FCIA Manual of Practice
  • FREE TO SPECIFIERS
  – Manufacturers Instructions
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• Firestopping Quality Process -
  – Contractor Qualifications – ICC – LOST 8-7
    • FCIA Member Specialty Firestop Contractors
      – FM 4991 & UL Qualified Firestop Contractors
  – Execution – ICC PASSED, 12-4
    • ASTM E 2174 & ASTM E 2393 Inspection
      – Qualifications? AC 291 = Solution
      – FCIA Member Firestop Inspectors
  – Materials – Suitable physical properties for applications and needs of the building occupants
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IV Maintenance
SECTION 4.5.8 Maintenance, Inspection, and Testing.

4.5.8.1 Whenever or wherever any device, equipment, system, condition, arrangement, level of protection, fire-resistive construction, or any other feature is required for compliance with the provisions of this Code, such device, equipment, system, condition, arrangement, level of protection, fire-resistive construction, or other feature shall thereafter be continuously maintained in accordance with applicable NFPA requirements or requirements developed as part of a performance-based design, or as directed by the AHJ. [101:4.6.12.1]
4.5.8.2 No existing life safety feature shall be removed or reduced where such feature is a requirement for new construction. [101:4.6.12.2]

4.5.8.3* Existing life safety features obvious to the public, if not required by the Code, shall be either maintained or removed. [101:4.6.12.3]

4.5.8.4 Any device, equipment, system, condition, arrangement, level of protection, fire-resistive construction, or any other feature requiring periodic testing, inspection, or operation to ensure its maintenance shall be tested, inspected, or operated as specified elsewhere in this Code or as directed by the AHJ. [101:4.6.12.4]

4.5.8.5 Maintenance, inspection, and testing shall be performed under the supervision of a responsible person who shall ensure that testing, inspection, and maintenance are made at specified intervals in accordance with applicable NFPA standards or as directed by the AHJ. [101:4.6.12.5]
SECTION 703
FIRE-RESISTANCE-RATED CONSTRUCTION

703.1 Maintenance. The required fire resistance rating of fire-resistance rated construction (including walls, fire stops, shaft enclosures, partitions, smoke barriers, floors, fire resistive coatings and sprayed fire resistant materials applied to structural members and fire resistive joint systems) shall be maintained. Such elements shall be visually inspected by the owner annually and properly repaired, restored or replaced when damaged, altered, breached or penetrated.

Openings made therein for the passage of pipes, electrical conduit, wires, ducts, air transfer openings, and holes made for any reason shall be protected with approved methods capable of resisting the passage of smoke and fire.
Firestopping for Safety

• “TOTAL FIRE PROTECTION
  – Effective Compartmentation -Fire Walls/Floors & Firestopping
  – Fire Dampers, Fire Glass
  – Detection & Alarm Systems
  – Sprinkler Suppression Systems
  – Building Personnel, Occupant and Firefighter Education
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Proper ‘DIIM’ Effective Compartmentation Means Reliable Systems…

• **Designed** - A/E, Firestop Consultant
  – Tested and Listed Systems, FCIA Member Mfr’s.
  – Systems Selected / Analyzed / Submitted

• **Properly Installed**
  – FCIA Member, “FM 4991, or UL QFC Contractors Standards”

• **Properly Inspected**
  – ASTM E 2174 & ASTM E 2393 Inspection Standards
    By AC 291 Accredited Inspection Agencies

• **Properly Maintained** –
  – FCIA Members…
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Freebie for CSC/CSI-SFPE Member Specifiers, Architects, Building Officials, Building Owners, Government

- Free Life Safety Digest, the Magazine of Effective Compartmentation Subscription
Firestop Contractors International Association
Hillside, IL – 708-202-1108 - office
FCIA Info – info @ fcia.org

Bill McHugh – bill @ fcia.org
FCIA DIIM & Firestopping

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